

Condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada) for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in US dollars)

	Notes	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
As at ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 1,329,655	\$ 1,037,235
Amounts receivable	4	65,512	51,736
Prepaid expenses		69,025	122,993
Current assets held for sale	14	33,830,091	34,514,406
Current assets held for distribution	14	22,368	29,133
Total Assets		\$35,316,651	\$ 35,755,503
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,11	\$ 3,785,663	\$ 4,192,759
Loan payable	13	4,145,242	1,376,000
Warrant liability	10	23,563	12,400
Current liabilities held for sale	14	35,932,334	35,095,668
Current liabilities held for distribution	14	1,321,791	1,236,160
Total Liabilities		\$45,208,593	\$ 41,912,987
Deficiency) equity attributable to shareholders of Trigon Metals Inc.:			54.050.470
Share capital	9	51,943,954	51,950,470
Contributed surplus	10	2,191,579	2,191,579
Currency translation reserve		10,543,512	10,543,512
Deficit		(68,972,492)	(65,414,821)
Total equity (deficiency) attributable to shareholders of Trigon Metal	s Inc.	(4,293,447)	(729,260)
Non-controlling interest		(5,598,495)	(5,428,224)
Total Deficiency		(9,891,942)	(6,157,484)
Total Liabilities and Deficiency		\$35,316,651	\$ 35,755,503

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in US dollars)

			Three mor		nded
			June	30,	2024
			2025		2024
Expenses		_		•	070 444
Consulting fees	11	\$	304,254	\$	379,444
Professional fees			220,936		30,920
Travel and related costs			33,056		43,644
Investors relations and filing fees			77,913		51,198
General and administrative costs			44,180		34,419
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	5		176,850		8,035
Share-based compensation	10		-		232,900
Foreign exchange loss (gain)			99,900		(29,905)
Total expenses before the undernoted		\$	957,089	\$	750,655
Other income (expense)					
Interest (expense) income		\$	2,749	\$	2,291
Finance charges			(457,243)		-
Change in fair value of warrant liability	10		(11,163)		(456,807)
Net loss from continuing operations		\$	(1,422,746)	\$	(1,205,171)
Net loss from discontinued operations	14		(2,305,196)		(1,009,831)
Net loss and comprehensive loss		\$	(3,727,942)	\$	(2,215,002)
Net loss and comprehensive loss from continuing operations attributable to:					
Shareholders of Trigon Metals Inc.		\$	(1,422,746)	\$	(1,205,171)
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income from discontinued operations attributable to:					
Shareholders of Trigon Metals Inc.		\$	(2,134,925)	\$	(1,066,692)
Non-controlling interest			(170,271)		56,861
		\$	(2,305,196)	\$	(1,009,831)
Loss per share					
Basic and diluted, from continuing operations			(0.03)		(0.03)
Basic and diluted, from discontinued operations			(0.04)		(0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding					
Basic and diluted			54,459,081		43,629,681

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Expressed in US dollars)

				Attribut	able to equit	y owners of Trigo	on Metals Inc.				
									Total		
		Number of						Cumulative	shareholders'	Non-	Total
		common	Share	Con	tributed			translation	(deficiency)	controlling	(deficiency)
	Notes	shares	Capital		surplus	Warrants	Deficit	reserve	equity	interest	equity
Balance as at March 31, 2024		43,574,720	\$ 49,721,297	\$ 1	,360,896 \$	1,951,157 \$	(63,514,789) \$	10,543,512	\$ 62,073 \$	(4,143,506) \$	(4,081,433)
Net loss from continuing operations for the period		-	-		-	-	(1,205,171)	-	(1,205,171)	-	(1,205,171)
Net loss from discontinued operations for the	14	-	-		-	-	(1,066,692)	-	(1,066,692)	56,861	(1,009,831)
Share and warrant issue costs	9,10	-	(1,810)		-	192,223	(192,223)	-	(1,810)	-	(1,810)
Stock options granted		55,000	42,186		232,900	-	-	-	275,086	-	275,086
Stock options exercised	9,10	-	-		(5,934)	-	-	-	(5,934)	-	(5,934)
Warrant expiry	9,10	-	-		-	(2,143,380)	2,143,380	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2024		43,629,720	\$ 49,761,673	\$ 1	,587,862 \$	- \$	(63,835,495) \$	10,543,512	\$ (1,942,448) \$	(4,086,645) \$	(6,029,093)
Balance as at March 31, 2025		54,459,081	\$ 51,950,470	\$ 2	,191,579 \$	- \$	(65,414,821) \$	10,543,512	\$ (729,260) \$	(5,428,224) \$	(6,157,484)
Net loss from continuing operations for the period		-	-		-	-	(1,422,746)		(1,422,746)	-	(1,422,746)
Net loss from discontinued operations for the	14	-	-		-	-	(2,134,925)	-	(2,134,925)	(170,271)	(2,305,196)
Stock options granted	9,10	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock options expired	9,10	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share and warrant issue costs	9,10	-	(6,516)		-	-	-	-	(6,516)	-	(6,516)
Warrant expiry	9,10				<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
Balance as at June 30, 2025		54,459,081	\$ 51,943,954	\$ 2	,191,579 \$	- \$	(68,972,492) \$	10,543,512	\$ (4,293,447) \$	(5,598,495) \$	(9,891,942)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Trigon Metals Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in US dollars)

		Three months	ended J	June 30,
	Notes	2025		2024
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities				
Net loss from continuing operations for the period	•	(1,422,746)	\$	(1,205,171)
Adjustments for items not affecting cash:				
Change in fair value of warrant liability	10	11,163		456,807
Share-based compensation	10	-		232,900
Foreign exchange gain		2,719		(129,121)
Net cash from operating activities from continuing operations before				
changes in working capital		(1,408,864)		(644,585)
Net changes in non-cash working capital from continuing operations				
Change in amounts receivable		(13,776)		1,590,540
Change in prepaid expenses		53,968		68,066
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(283,769)		(3,795,931)
Net cash flows from continuing operations used in operating activities		(1,652,441)		(2,781,910)
Net cash flows from discontinued operations used in operating activities	14	(691,819)		2,503,913
Financing activities				
Share and warrant issuance costs	9	(6,516)		(1,810)
Option exercise	10	-		36,252
Loan payable	13	2,645,915		-
Net cash flows from continuing operations provided by financing activities		2,639,399		34,442
Net cash flows from discontinued operations provided by financing activities				-
Cash flows from continuing operations during the period		986,958		(2,747,468)
Cash flows from discontinued operations during the period	14	(691,819)		2,503,913
Cash - beginning of period		1,037,235		1,416,916
Cash - end of period	\$	1,329,655	\$	1,173,361

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Trigon Metals Inc. (the "Company" or "Trigon") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act of Canada on April 1, 2005. On December 28, 2016, the Company changed its name from Kombat Copper Inc. to Trigon Metals Inc. and its stock symbol from "KBT" to "TM". The Company's head office is located at 658 Lansdowne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M6H 3Y8.

These consolidated financial statements were reviewed, approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 28, 2025.

The principal business activities of Trigon and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") are the acquisition, maintenance, exploration and development of mines and mineral properties on the African continent. The business of exploring for minerals and mining involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Significant time and major expenses may be required to establish ore reserves, to develop metallurgical processes, to acquire construction and operating permits and to construct mining and processing facilities. The recoverability of the amounts shown for property and equipment is dependent upon the Company obtaining the necessary financing to complete the exploration, evaluation and development of its properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves and future profitable operations, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of operations of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to government licensing requirements or regulations, unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims, indigenous claims, and non-compliance with regulatory, social and environmental requirements. The Company's property interests may also be subject to increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts, political uncertainty and currency exchange fluctuations and restrictions.

Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. A different basis of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future.

As announced on January 16, 2025, Trigon has paused operations at its Kombat Mine due to the failure of both its main submersible dewatering pumps. The Company thus has no internal source of cash flow to provide funds required for ongoing care and maintenance. At June 30, 2025, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$9,891,942, compared to a working capital deficit of \$6,157,484 at March 31, 2025.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to close the transaction announced with Horizon Corporation Limited ("Horizon") for the sale of the Kombat Mine to Horizon ("the Proposed Horizon Transaction") (see Note 14) or raise sufficient capital to service its liabilities and provide funds for care and maintenance operations should the Proposed Horizon Transaction not conclude. The Company signed a waiver and consent agreement with Sprott (as defined below) to November 30, 2025. The Company is in arrears to Sprott for a total of approximately \$3.1 million on its stream liability as at June 30, 2025. Management believes it will be able to raise sufficient capital and/or close the Proposed Horizon Transaction before any formal Namibian liquidation takes place and thus the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern. There can be no assurance the Company will be successful in these endeavors.

Should the Proposed Horizon Transaction not conclude, any additional equity financing may be on terms that are dilutive, or potentially dilutive, to the Company's shareholders and debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants with respect to the Company's ability to pay dividends, raise additional capital or execute various other financial and operational plans. These conditions indicate that material uncertainties exist which cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and accounting policies based on International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC") interpretations.

The accounting policies as set out in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 were consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise noted below.

The preparation of condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting, requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. Certain disclosures included in the annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted. Accordingly, these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2025.

Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are stated at their fair values. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise indicated.

Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the accounts of Trigon Metals Inc. and its subsidiaries, PNT Financeco Corp. (Mauritius) 100% (2024 – 100%), Kombat Holdings Namibia (Pty) Ltd. (Namibia) 100% (2024 - 100%), Trigon Mining (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd. ("Trigon Namibia") (Namibia) 80% (2024 – 80%), Safi Silver Corp. (formerly "Trigon (Morocco) Holding Corp"). (Canada) 100% (2024 – 100%) and Technomine Africa Sarl ("Technomine") (Morocco) 100% (2024 – 100%) and Base Metals and Services (amalgamated with PNT Financeco Corp.) (2024 – 100%). The Company voluntarily wound-up Gazania Investments Nine (Pty) Ltd. ("Gazania") (Namibia) on August 4, 2023. All intercompany transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. The 20% of Trigon Namibia not owned by the Company is owned by the Namibia State Mining Company and a local Namibian partner. Safi Silver Corp. was incorporated during the year ending March 31, 2023. PNT Financeco Corp. was continued into Mauritius in November 2023. Base Metals and Services was acquired on March 14, 2024 (Note 6) and amalgamated with PNT Financeco Corp on August 23, 2024. The Company also has a 25% interest in Copperbelt Mineral Exploration (Pty) Ltd.

Subsidiaries consist of entities over which the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns as well as the ability to affect those returns through the power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company and are de-consolidated from the date control ceases. These consolidated financial statements include all the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries after eliminating inter-entity balances and transactions.

For non-wholly owned, controlled subsidiaries, the net assets attributable to outside equity shareholders are presented as "non-controlling interests" in the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position. Profit for the period that is attributable to non-controlling interests is calculated based on the ownership of the minority shareholders in the subsidiary. Warrants and stock options issued by subsidiaries, exercisable into subsidiary shares, are presented as a component of non-controlling interest in the consolidated statement of financial position.

When the Company ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

The partial disposition of an interest resulting in a loss of control meets the definition of a disposal group. A disposal group qualifies as a discontinued operation if it is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Material accounting policies

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Future accounting standards issued but not yet effective

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are mandatory for annual accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2025, or later. Updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company have been excluded. The following have not yet been adopted and are being evaluated to determine their impact on the Company.

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments – Disclosures. The amendments clarify the derecognition of financial liabilities and introduce an accounting policy option to derecognize financial liabilities that are settled through an electronic payment system. The amendments also clarify how to assess the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets that include environmental, social and governance (ESG)-linked features and other similar contingent features and the treatment of non-recourse assets and contractually linked instruments (CLIs). Further, the amendments mandate additional disclosures in IFRS 7 for financial instruments with contingent features and equity instruments classified at FVOCI. The amendments are effective for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2026. Retrospective application is required, and early adoption is permitted.

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements to improve reporting of financial performance. The new standard replaces IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces new categories and required subtotals in the statement of profit and loss and also requires disclosure of management-defined performance measures. It also includes new requirements for the location, aggregation and disaggregation of financial information. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, including interim financial statements. Retrospective application is required, and early adoption is permitted.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND MANAGEMENT JUDGMENTS

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The significant areas of judgment and estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements include:

Critical judgment in applying accounting policies:

Assets' carrying values and impairment charges

Events or changes in circumstances can give rise to significant impairment charges or reversals of impairment in a particular year. Management exercises its judgment in determining when such events or changes in circumstances have arisen and where such circumstances evidence a significant or prolonged decline of fair value on assets indicating impairment.

In the determination of carrying values and impairment charges, management looks at the higher of recoverable amount or fair value less costs to sell in the case of assets and at objective evidence, significant or prolonged decline of fair value on financial assets indicating impairment. These determinations and their individual assumptions require that management make a decision based on the best available information at each reporting period.

In the event that the fair value less costs to sell exceeds the carrying values, management looks at prior year impairments and reverses impairments up to the cost of the asset.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND MANAGEMENT JUDGMENTS (continued)

Critical judgment in applying accounting policies (continued):

Commercial production

The determination of when the mine is in a condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management (referred to as "commercial production") is a matter of judgment that will impact when the Company recognizes revenue and operating costs in the consolidated statement of loss and depreciation and depletion commence. In making this determination, management considers whether (a) the major capital expenditures to bring the mine to the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management have been completed; (b) a reasonable period of commissioning has been completed; (c) consistent operating results have been achieved at the previously budgeted level of design capacity; and (d) the transfer of operations from the construction personnel to operations personnel has been completed. The Company declared commercial production from the open pit operations on October 16, 2023 and from the underground operations on April 30, 2024.

· Determination of functional currency

Based on the primary indicators in IAS 21 – The Effects of Change in Foreign Exchange Rates – the US dollar has been determined as the presentation currency of the Company, with the US dollar as the functional currency for all subsidiaries, as the US dollar is the currency in which funds from financing activities (i.e. issuing debt and equity instruments) are generated and because the activities of the foreign operation are carried out as an extension of the reporting entity, rather than being carried out with a significant degree of autonomy. Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates are recorded as foreign exchange gain (loss) on the statement of loss. If the functional currency of the Namibian entities had been the Namibian dollar ("N\$"), the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates would have been reflected as other comprehensive income and carried as a cumulative translation adjustment within accumulated other comprehensive income in the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position.

Expected credit losses

Determining allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") requires management to make assumptions about historical patterns for probability of default, the timing of collection and the amount of incurred credit losses, which are adjusted based on management's judgment about whether economic conditions and credit terms are such that actual losses may be higher or lower than what historical patterns suggest.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty:

Depreciation rates

Mine asset development costs and the environmental rehabilitation obligation are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the life of mine production. All other buildings and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over three to ten years. The Company believes these represent the best approximation of the asset utility to the Company. If the estimated life had been longer than management's estimate, the carrying amount of the asset would have been higher.

The Company's right of use (ROU) asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years, which represents the life of the lease associated with the ROU asset. The Company believes this approach represents the best approximation of the asset utility to the Company.

Assets' carrying values and impairment charges

The determination of carrying values and impairment charges and their individual assumptions require that management make an estimate based on the best available information at each reporting period including the future expectation of mine development to extend life of mine. Under situations where management has determined indicators of impairment are present, an impairment assessment will be performed by management whereupon management looks at the higher of recoverable amount or fair value less costs to sell in the case of assets.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND MANAGEMENT JUDGMENTS (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued):

Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource estimates

The figures for Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources are determined in accordance with National Instrument 43-101, "Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects", issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators. There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources, including many factors beyond the Company's control.

Such estimation is a subjective process, and the accuracy of any Mineral Reserve or Mineral Resource estimate is a function of the quantity and quality of available data and of the assumptions made and judgments used in engineering and geological interpretation. Differences between management's assumptions, including economic assumptions such as metal prices and market conditions, and future circumstances could have a material effect in the future on the Company's financial position and results of operation.

Share-based payment transactions and warrants and warrant liability

The Company records share-based compensation at fair value over the vesting period. The Company also issues warrants. The fair value of the options and warrants is determined using the Black-Scholes options pricing model and management assumptions including the expected dividend yield, expected volatility, forfeiture rate, risk free rate and expected life. Should the underlying assumptions change, it will impact the fair value. Such judgments and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates.

Streaming arrangements and deferred revenue

Management has determined that based on the agreements, the counterparty assumes significant business risk and rewards associated with the timing and amount of metals being delivered. There is also judgement involved in determining the implied financing cost associated with the streaming arrangement. Management's intention is to settle the obligations through a sale of the streaming arrangement as opposed to a delivery of non-financial items. As such, the deposits received from the counterparty have been recorded liabilities held for sale in the consolidated statement of financial position based on the fair market value of expected future deliveries to be performed by the purchaser.

· Determination of discount rates

Determination of the discount rate for acquisition fees payable is based on comparison to similar interest-bearing debt instruments of a group of comparative companies.

· Estimation of decommissioning and restoration costs and the timing of expenditure

The cost estimates are updated annually to reflect known developments, (e.g. revisions to cost estimates and to the estimated lives of operations) and are subject to review at regular intervals. Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities are estimated based on the Company's interpretation of current regulatory requirements, constructive obligations and are measured at fair value. Fair value is determined based on the net present value of estimated future cash expenditures for the settlement of decommissioning, restoration or similar liabilities that may occur upon decommissioning of the mine. Such estimates are subject to change based on changes in laws and regulations and negotiations with regulatory authorities.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND MANAGEMENT JUDGMENTS (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued):

Income, value added, withholding and other taxes

In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets recognized, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. The Company considers whether relevant tax planning opportunities are within the Company's control, are feasible, and are within management's ability to implement. Examination by applicable tax authorities is supported based on individual facts and circumstances of the relevant tax position examined in light of all available evidence. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to ongoing varying interpretations, it is reasonably possible that changes in these estimates can occur that materially affect the amounts of income tax assets recognized. Also, future changes in tax laws could limit the Company from realizing the tax benefits from the deferred tax assets. The Company reassesses unrecognized income tax assets at each reporting period.

The Company is subject to income, value added, withholding and other taxes. Significant judgment is required in determining the Company's provisions for taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. The determination of the Company's income, value added, withholding and other tax liabilities requires interpretation of complex laws and regulations. The Company's interpretation of taxation law as applied to transactions and activities may not coincide with the interpretation of the tax authorities. All tax related filings are subject to government audit and potential reassessment subsequent to the financial statement reporting period. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax related accruals and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

• Date of completion of technical report

Determination of the date of completion of the Company's technical report impacts the carrying amount of acquisition fees payable and is estimated based on available cash flows and anticipated availability of experts to engage in completing the technical report.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

4. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
Sales taxes receivable	\$ 65,512	\$ 51,736
	\$ 65,512	\$ 51,736

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES

	Thre	Three months ended				
		June	30,			
	2025	;	2	2024		
Assay and survey	\$	-	\$	8,035		
Field office and support	176	,850				
	\$ 176	,850	\$	8,035		

Acquisition of Kalahari Copperbelt project option

On March 14, 2024, the Company announced that it had completed the acquisition of Base Metal Investments and Services ("Base Metal"), a private Mauritius domiciled company, that holds an option (the "Copperbelt Option") to acquire up to a 70% stake in the Kalahari Copperbelt Project (the "Transaction"). The Copperbelt Option provides Trigon, through Base Metal, the right to attain up to 70% interest in Copperbelt Exploration (Pty) Ltd. ("Copperbelt") which wholly owns the Kalahari Copperbelt Project (the "Project").

As consideration for the Transaction, Trigon has issued to Commodity Makers International ("Commodity Makers"), the sole shareholder of Base Metal, 2,720,000 Trigon common shares issued at CAD\$0.85 based on the quoted market price of the Company's shares on the date of issuance, for a total value of \$1,712,593. In addition, the Company will issue 320,000 Trigon common shares to Commodity Makers on each of the 6, 12, 18 and 24-month anniversaries from March 14, 2024 for an aggregate total number of 4 million Trigon common shares as compensation for the consulting services to be provided by Mr. Rennie Morkel, Mr. Andreas Rompel and Mr. Grant Sboros after closing of the transaction. 640,000 common shares were issued during the year ended March 31, 2025 as compensation for consulting services provided. The common shares due on the 18 and 24-month anniversary have not been accrued for as at June 30, 2025.

Concurrently with the closing of the Transaction, Base Metal acquired a 25% equity interest in Copperbelt (the "Initial Acquisition"). As consideration for the Initial Acquisition, Trigon, on behalf of Base Metal, paid USD\$60,000 to Ongwe Minerals (Pty) Ltd., the vendor of Copperbelt, and has committed to funding USD\$1M in exploration expenditures on the Project by March 2026.

The Base Metal acquisition is considered an asset acquisition as it does meet the definition of a business. There were no assets acquired or liabilities assumed as a result of this acquisition other than the Copperbelt project.

Each of the Transaction and Initial Acquisition is an arm's length transaction under the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange"). Mr. Rennie Morkel is a director and officer of Commodity Makers and Mr. Andreas Rompel and Mr. Grant Sboros have provided consulting services to Commodity Makers. Messrs Morkel and Rompel are now officers of Trigon and Mr. Sboros has joined Trigon's board of directors.

As at June 30, 2025, the four licenses associated with the Kalahari Copperbelt project were in good standing.

The Kalahari Copperbelt Project is not being sold with the Kombat Mine and is expected to become Trigon's primary asset post completion of the spin out of Safi Silver and the disposal of the Kombat Mine.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
Trade payables	\$ 1,029,117	\$ 921,279
Accruals	2,756,546	3,271,480
	\$ 3,785,663	\$ 4,192,759

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the consolidated statements of financial position are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, amounts receivable, buyback option on the streaming agreement, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, lease liabilities, loan payable, warrant liability, stream liability, and acquisition fees payable. The fair value of the Company's cash, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, lease liabilities, equipment financing and acquisition fees payable all approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

The non-current portion of the acquisition fees payable is recorded at a 15% discount rate. The liability component of the warrant liability and buyback option on streaming arrangement are recorded at fair value. The equipment financing is recorded at a 15% discount rate.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 were as follows:

	Assets & liabilities Assets & li		& liabilities		
		at	at fai	r value	TOTAL
	am	nortized cost	cost through profit & loss		
At June 30, 2025					
Financial assets:					
Cash	\$	1,329,655	\$	-	\$ 1,329,655
Financial liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,785,663)		-	(3,785,663)
Loan payable		(4,145,242)		-	(4,145,242)
Warrant liability		-		(23,563)	(23,563)
<u>At March 31, 2025</u>					
Financial assets:					
Cash	\$	1,037,235	\$	-	\$ 1,037,235
Financial liabilities:					-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(4,192,759)		-	(4,192,759)
Loan payable		(1,376,000)		-	(1,376,000)
Warrant liability		-		(12,400)	(12,400)

Level 2 hierarchy

The warrant liability is classified as a Level 2 financial instrument within the hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, measured at FVPL in the consolidated statements of financial position as at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025.

Within Level 2, the Company includes inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the liability such as volatility of the underlying shares, interest rates and time to expiry.

Level 3 hierarchy

The buyback option on the streaming arrangement is classified as a Level 3 financial instrument within the hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, measured at FVPL in the consolidated statements of financial position as at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025. At June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, the buyback option had a fair value of \$nil.

Fair value as at March 31, 2023	\$ 1,233,797
Change in fair value	(1,233,797)
Fair value as at March 31, 2025 and 2024	\$ -

The stream liability is a classified a Level 3 financial instrument with the hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments, measured at FVPL in the consolidated statements of financial position at June 30, 2025. The streaming liability is included in the liabilities held for sale on the consolidated financial statements.

Within Level 3, the Company includes an asset for which observable inputs are not available for use in the fair valuation of this asset. The key assumptions used in the valuation of these instruments included (but were not limited to): the exercise date of the option, the buyback percentage, the date at which the percentage of copper sold under the streaming arrangement would be reduced, the monthly production of copper and silver concentrate, and future pricing and volatility of copper and silver during the option period.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Valuations of assets for which market quotations are not readily available, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate within short periods of time and are based on estimates, and determination of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have resulted if a ready market existed for the investments. Given the size of this asset, such changes may have a significant impact on the Company's financial condition or operating results.

8. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

The Company considers its capital structure to include the components of shareholders' equity. Management's objective is to ensure that there is sufficient capital to minimize liquidity risk and to continue as a going concern. The Company has entered into an agreement to sell its Kombat Mine operation and the assets from the Kombat Mine have been classified as held for sale at June 30, 2025. If this transaction does not close, the Company will need additional capital for its Asis West underground operations and Asis Far West future expansion. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing through the sale of equity securities, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future, or that the terms of such financings will be favourable.

Risk management is carried out by the management team under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the periods ended June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025. The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a lending institution or regulatory body, other than of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV") which requires adequate working capital or financial resources of the greater of (i) \$50,000 and (ii) an amount required in order to maintain operations and cover general and administrative expenses for a period of six months. As of June 30, 2025, the Company does not believe it is compliant with the policies of the TSXV.

Financial risks

The Company's financial instruments comprise cash, amounts receivable, buyback option on the stream agreement, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, lease liability, loan payable, warrant liability, stream liability, and acquisition fees payable. The main use of these financial instruments is to fund operations and the pursuit of capital transactions. The main risks that could adversely affect the Company's financial assets, liabilities or future cash flows are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Management mandates and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks by virtue of its activities including, but not limited to, those summarized below.

The following discussion also includes a sensitivity analysis that is intended to illustrate the sensitivity to changes in market variables on the Company's financial instruments and show the impact on income or loss and shareholders' equity, where applicable. The sensitivity analysis has been prepared for the three months ended June 30, 2025, using the amounts of other financial assets and liabilities held as at the consolidated statement of financial position date.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counterparties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets. The Company minimizes its credit risk by dealing with reputable customers with strong credit ratings. Further, the Company has been prepaid for a substantial portion of its silver sales in advance as part of its silver streaming arrangement, further reducing the Company's credit risk exposure. With respect to credit risk arising from financial assets of the Company, which comprise cash and minimal receivables, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of counterparties, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. As cash balances are held with high credit quality financial institutions, the credit risk to the Company is considered minimal. The Company monitors and is subject to normal industry credit risks.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

8. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities as they come due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise the required capital through future equity or debt issuances.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required for operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning, and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

The Company's contractual liabilities and obligations are as follows:

	< 1 year	1 to 3	years	4 to :	5 years	>5 y	ears/	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,785,663	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	3,785,663
Loan payable	4,145,242		-		-		-	4,145,242
Liabilities from discontinued operations	37,254,125		-		-		-	37,254,125
Balance June 30, 2025	\$ 45,185,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	45,185,030
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,192,759	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	4,192,759
Loan payable	1,376,000		-		-		-	1,376,000
Liabilities from discontinued operations	36,331,828		-		-		-	36,331,828
Balance March 31, 2025	\$ 41,900,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	41,900,587

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to endeavour to have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at June 30, 2025, the Company had a cash balance from continuing operations of \$1,329,655 (March 31, 2025: \$1,037,235). As at June 30, 2025, the Company's financial liabilities from continuing operations consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$3,785,663 (March 31, 2025: \$4,192,759) all due in less than one year, other current liabilities from continuing operations of \$4,145,242 (March 31, 2025 - \$1,376,000).

During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company raised \$1,756,499 through two private placements.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

8. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, commodities and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The ability of the Company to explore, evaluate and develop its exploration and mining properties and the future profitability of the Company are directly related to the price of base and precious metals. The Company monitors metal prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is created by fluctuations in the fair value or cash flows of financial instruments due to changes in foreign exchange rates and exposure as a result of investment in its subsidiaries. The Company is exposed to currency risk by incurring certain expenditures in Canadian dollars, US dollars, Namibian dollars and South African Rand for its operations in Namibia and Moroccan Dirham and US dollars in Morocco. The Company has sought to minimize this risk by keeping its cash reserves in US dollars and only purchasing Canadian dollars, Namibian dollars, South African Rand and Moroccan Dirham as needed.

Sensitivity analysis

The carrying amount of cash, amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities equals fair market value. The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on net loss is deemed insignificant as the number and amount of foreign-currency transactions are relatively small. Had the foreign exchange rates been higher (lower) by 10%, the foreign exchange in the consolidated statement of loss would have been lower (higher) by approximately \$133,000 (three months ended June 30, 2024: \$117,000).

9. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized:

Unlimited number of voting common shares Unlimited number of non-voting preferred shares, issuable in series

(b) Issued:

Reconciliation of the number and value of common shares as at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 were as follows. All issued shares are fully paid.

	Note	Number of shares	Issued capital
Balance, March 31, 2024		43,574,681	\$ 49,721,297
Option exercise	10	251,000	262,089
Shares issued for consulting	14	640,000	263,926
Private placement		9,993,400	1,756,499
Cost of issue		=	(53,341)
Balance, March 31, 2025		54,459,081	\$ 51,950,470
Cost of issue		-	(6,516)
Balance, June 30, 2025		54,459,081	\$ 51,943,954

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

9. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Private placement

On February 21, 2025, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 4,390,000 common shares at a price of \$0.17 (CAD\$0.25) per share for gross proceeds of \$771,612 (CAD\$1,097,500). The Company paid finders fees of \$35,583 (CAD\$51,200) and issued 15,000 finder's warrants in association with the private placement. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.17 (CAD\$0.25) for a period of two years.

On March 6, 2025, the Company closed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 5,603,400 common shares at a price of \$0.17 (CAD\$0.25) per share for gross proceeds of \$984,887 (CAD\$1,400,850). The Company paid finders fees of \$3,970 (CAD\$5,640) and issued 22,560 finder's warrants in association with the private placement. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.17 (CAD\$0.25) for a period of two years.

Share Consolidation

On April 9, 2024, the shareholders of the Company approved the consolidation of the Company's common shares on a basis of one new common share for every existing five common shares outstanding, effective June 4, 2024. On June 4, 2024, the Company had 217,873,600 common shares outstanding, and these common shares were consolidated to 43,574,681 common shares. The change in the number of issued and outstanding common shares did not materially affect any shareholder's percentage of ownership in the Company. The share and per share amounts in the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 have been updated to reflect this share consolidation.

10. EQUITY RESERVES

		Weighted Average Exercise	Grant Date Fair Value of	No. of Warrants, Broker	Weighted Average Exercise	Grant Date Fair Value of Warrants, Broker	
	No. of Options	Price (CAD)	Options	Warrants	Price (CAD)	Warrants	TOTAL
March 31, 2024	1,762,000	\$1.31	\$ 1,369,258	3,185,075	\$1.75	\$ 5,020,340	\$ 6,389,598
Vested	2,334,000	\$0.93	27,107	-	-	-	27,107
Expired	(479,000)	\$1.02	(35,469)	(3,185,075)	\$1.75	(2,965,401)	(3,000,870)
Exercised	(251,000)	\$0.83	-	-	\$0.00	(113,620)	(113,620)
Warrant issue costs (net)	-	-	-	-	-	9,838	9,838
March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2025	3,366,000	\$1.31	\$ 1,360,896	•	\$1.75	\$ 1,951,157	\$ 3,312,053

Options

Under the Company's stock option plan, the Company may grant options to its directors, officers, employees and consultants for up 10% of the outstanding common stock. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option must not be less than the market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant, less any allowable discount. The maximum term of a stock option is five years.

In May 2024, the Company granted a total of 2,169,000 stock options to various directors, officers and consultants pursuant to its stock option plan. The options vested immediately and may be exercised at a price of CAD\$0.95 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant.

In November 2024, the Company granted a total of 125,000 stock options to a consultant pursuant to its stock option plan. The options vested immediately and may be exercised at a price of CAD\$0.82 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

10. EQUITY RESERVES (Continued)

In February 2025, the Company granted a total of 40,000 stock options to a consultant pursuant to its stock option plan. The options vested immediately and may be exercised at a price of CAD\$0.26 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant.

There were no options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2025 (2,139,000 options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2024). The weighted average life of total outstanding options is 3.26 years at June 30, 2025 (March 31, 2025 - 3.28 years).

As at June 30, 2025, the Company had stock options outstanding and exercisable as follows:

				Exercise			Expected	Expected	
	Expiry	Number	Number	price	Grant date fair	Dividend	volatility	life	Risk free
Grant date	date	outstanding	exercisable	(CAD)	value	yield (%)	(%)	(years)	rate (%)
21-Feb-22	21-Feb-27	882,000	882,000	\$1.70	889,086	0	117	5	1.74
26-Aug-22	26-Aug-27	150,000	150,000	\$0.75	75,593	0	115	5	3.25
23-May-24	23-May-29	2,169,000	2,169,000	\$0.95	1,164,400	0	103	5	3.68
14-Nov-24	14-Nov-29	125,000	125,000	\$0.82	56,200	0	103	5	3.18
20-Feb-25	20-Feb-30	40,000	40,000	\$0.26	6,300	0	142	5	2.91
		3,366,000	3,366,000		\$ 2,191,579				

The expected volatility is based on historical share prices of the Company.

Warrant liability and compensation options

As at June 30, 2025, the Company had the following common share purchase warrants and compensation options outstanding that are classified as liabilities:

				Exercise				Expected	Expected	
			Number	price	Fai	r value at	Dividend	volatility	life	Risk free
	Grant date	Expiry date	outstanding	(CAD)	pe	riod end	yield (%)	(%)	(years)	rate (%)
Warrants on stream agreement	24-Oct-22	24-Oct-25	500,000	\$0.93	\$	-	0	94	3	4.21
Warrants on units	12-Jul-23	12-Jul-26	2,500,000	\$1.50	\$	18,685	0	99	3	4.33
Broker compensation options	12-Jul-23	12-Jul-26	204,450	\$1.00	\$	1,558	0	99	3	4.33
Broker compensation options	12-Jul-23	12-Jul-26	83,400	\$1.00	\$	636	0	99	3	4.33
Finder warrants	21-Feb-25	21-Feb-27	36,600	\$0.25	\$	2,615	0	73	2	2.73
Finder warrants	06-Mar-25	06-Mar-27	960	\$0.25	\$	69	0	73	2	2.63
			3,325,410		\$	23,563				

The expected volatility is based on historical share prices of the Company. The weighted average life of the outstanding warrants was 0.93 years at June 30, 2025.

On February 21, 2025, the Company issued 15,000 finder's warrants in association with the private placement. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.17 (CAD\$0.25) for a period of two years.

On March 6, 2025, the Company issued 22,560 finder's warrants in association with the private placement. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.17 (CAD\$0.25) for a period of two years.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management

Key management includes the Company's directors, officers and senior executives. Compensation awarded to key management included:

	Three months ended			
	June 30,			
	2025		2024	
Consulting fees	\$ 306,641	\$	202,522	
Share-based payments	-		407,982	
	\$ 306,641	\$	610,504	

The Company paid \$10,733 in rent to 14122917 Canada Inc., a company controlled by Mr. Jed Richardson for office rent for the three months ended June 30, 2025 (three months ended June 30, 2024 - \$11,066).

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at June 30, 2025 was approximately \$178,798 for consulting fees and expenses charged by current and former officers, directors and senior executives of the Company (March 31, 2025: \$317,786). Such amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and with no fixed terms of payment.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company incurred costs of \$Nil (June 30, 2024: \$259,530) for drilling services from Optimine Project Solutions CC, a company controlled by members of Namibian senior management. These amounts were included in loss from discontinued operations.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company incurred costs of \$Nil (June 30, 2024: \$73,317) for crane rental services from OMEG Crane Hire CC, a company controlled by members of Namibian senior management. These amounts were included in loss from discontinued operations.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company incurred costs of \$Nil (June 30, 2024: \$53,120) for maintenance services from Jeriah Trading Enterprises CC, a company controlled by members of Namibian senior management. These amounts were included in loss from discontinued operations.

\$103,805 of consulting fees related to key management personnel were included in loss from discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2025 (\$106,236 for the three months ended June 30, 2024).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Management contracts

The Company is party to certain management contracts and severance obligations. These contracts contain clauses requiring additional payments of up to \$1,864,000 to be made to the officers of the Company upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change of control. As the triggering effect has not taken place, the contingent payments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements. Additional minimum management contractual commitments remaining under the agreements are approximately \$733,000, all due within one year.

Legal claims

From time to time, the Company is named as a party to claims or involved in proceedings, including legal, regulatory and tax related, in the ordinary course of its business. While the outcome of these matters may not be estimable at period end, the Company makes provisions, where possible, for the estimated outcome of such claims or proceedings. Should a loss result from the resolution of any claims or proceedings that differs from these estimates, the difference will be accounted for as a charge to net loss in that period.

Environmental

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

Silver Hill Project

The Company completed its acquisition of 100% equity interest in Technomine, a Moroccan company from Technomine's shareholders on September 24, 2020. The Company is required to meet the terms of the transaction outlined in the definitive agreement as consideration of the acquisition.

Copperbelt Option

See Note 6 for details.

Sprott Private Resource Streaming and Royalty (B) Corporation and Sprott Mining Inc. Streaming Agreement

On September 19, 2024, Trigon announced that production from the Asis West underground mine had reached a thirty consecutive day average daily production of 980 tonnes of ore per day, exceeding the milestone required in terms of the streaming agreement to achieve thirty consecutive day average daily production of 900 tonnes of ore per day by October 31, 2025. See Note 19.

Finder's Fees

The Company entered into a Finder Agreement with Brightmind Ventures Limited ("Brightmind"), dated September 1, 2024 (the "Finder Agreement"), pursuant to which Brightmind was engaged to identify and source parties interested in participating in equity financings of the Company from time to time. Pursuant to the terms of the Finder Agreement, completion of the Proposed Horizon Transaction will trigger a cash fee to be paid by the Company to Brightmind in the approximate aggregate amount of \$720,000 (the "M&A Transaction Fee"), assuming all Instalment Payments are received by the Company. Due to the deferred nature of the Instalment Payments, pursuant to the Finder Agreement, Trigon shall pay the *pro rata* portion of the M&A Transaction Fee to Brightmind upon Trigon's receipt of each Instalment Payment. Payment of the M&A Transaction Fee by Trigon remains subject to the TSXV's review and approval. Brightmind is not a Non-Arm's Length party to Trigon, Horizon, the Purchaser, or their associates and affiliates.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

13. LOAN PAYABLE

On December 12, 2024, Horizon entered into a loan agreement with the Company for \$5 million which was subsequent reduced to \$4 million as described in note 14 as part of the Proposed Horizon Transaction.

As of June 30, 2025, the Company has drawn down \$4,021,915 of the loan facility (Note 14). The loan bears interest at a rate of 15% and matures in 2 years. The loan includes a six-month grace period on the payment of any interest and has accrued interest of \$123,327 as of June 30, 2025. Interest payments will commence at the end of the six-month grace period and will be paid in 18 equal amortized repayments. The loan will be secured by a general security agreement over all the assets of the Company but subordinated to Sprott.

An additional loan amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Additional Loan") was also made available to Trigon on the same terms as the Horizon Loan to provide flexibility for further financing. The Additional Loan will be repaid by offsetting the loan amount, including accrued interest, against the eighth instalment payment for the Proposed Horizon Transaction.

On July 16, 2025, a further amendment between Trigon and Horizon was entered into for an additional \$7,200,000 loan. The purpose of the new loan is to fund Namibian carrying costs including capital projects until transaction closing. The \$7,200,000 loan has the same terms as the initial \$4,000,000 loan.

As of August 28, 2025, the total loans available from Horizon total \$13,200,000. The Company has drawn a total of \$5,771,915 from the Horizon loans, leaving an additional \$7,428,085 of the total loans available to draw down as of August 28, 2025.

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Safi Silver Corporation

On September 24, 2020, the Company acquired a 100% equity interest in Technomine, a Moroccan company, from Technomine's previous shareholders (the "Vendors"). Technomine owns a 100% interest in the Silver Hill Project ("Silver Hill") in Morocco. Below are the terms of the transaction:

- 1. Pay to the Vendors \$369,467 (CAD\$500,000) in cash (paid) and issue 6,000,000 common shares (issued) on closing of the Transaction (the "First Payment"). The common shares were valued at \$554,200 (CAD\$750,000) based on their trading price subsequent to the signing of the share purchase agreement.
- 2. On the one-year anniversary of the closing of the transaction, Trigon was to pay to the Vendors \$295,574 (CAD\$400,000) (outstanding) and issue such number of Trigon common shares equal to \$184,734 (CAD\$250,000) (based on their trading price at the time) (outstanding) (the "Second Payment").
- Upon the completion of an independent National Instrument 43-101 compliant Mineral Resource estimate at Silver Hill showing at least 100,000 tonnes of contained copper and/or equivalent, Trigon shall issue such number of shares equal to \$923,668 (CAD\$1,250,000) (based on their trading price at the time) to the Vendors (outstanding).

The second acquisition fee payable is presented in the financial statements as the net present value of the future payments, discounted by 15%. As of June 30, 2025, the second acquisition fee payable has been accreted to \$717,361.

The net present value of the second acquisition fee payable was originally calculated using an estimated completion date of March 31, 2025 for the completion of the technical report. In the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company reassessed the estimated completion date of the technical report, changing the estimated completion date to March 31, 2027. This change impacted the net present value calculation for the second acquisition fee payable. The effects of these changes on the net present value of the second acquisition fee payable is as follows below.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)	
Second acquisition fee payable as at March 31, 2024	\$ 802,182
Accretion adjustment	(153,446)
Effect of exchange differences	8,735
Second acquisition fee payable as at March 31, 2025	\$ 657,471
Accretion	24,215
Effect of exchange differences	35,675
Second acquisition fee payable as at June 30, 2025	\$ 717.361

In addition, the Company paid \$33,252 (CAD\$45,000) cash and issued 300,000 common shares to Majilias Inc. for its role as an arm's length finder. The common shares were valued at \$27,710 (CAD\$37,500) based on their trading price subsequent to the signing of the share purchase agreement. The finder shall also be entitled to share consideration comprising the Second Payment, when paid by Trigon.

On February 14, 2024, the Trigon announced plans to spin out its wholly-owned subsidiary, Safi Silver Corp. ("Safi Silver"), which holds the Company's Moroccan assets, namely the Silver Hill Project, pursuant to a plan of arrangement under section 192 of the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the "Proposed Arrangement"). The Company has received an interim order from the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) in respect of the Proposed Arrangement and on April 9, 2024, Trigon shareholders approved the Proposed Arrangement.

Completion of the Proposed Arrangement is subject to a number of conditions, including: (a) closing of a Safi Silver financing; (b) conditional approval for listing of the Safi Silver shares on a recognized Canadian stock exchange; (c) the affirmative vote of two-thirds of Trigon shareholders in attendance of the Meeting (completed); and (d) approval of the TSX Venture Exchange.

At June 30, 2025, Safi Silver was classified as an asset held for distribution and discontinued operation. While the spin out has received shareholder approval, its completion was deferred while management focused on the sale of the Kombat mine. Management intends to complete the spin out as soon as practicable.

At June 30, 2025, all claims held by Safi Silver were in good standing.

The results for Safi Silver for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Three months ended					
		June 30,				
		2025		2024		
Expenses				_		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		85,747		74,038		
Professional fees		16,256		3,654		
Depreciation		884		894		
Accretion expense (reversal)		24,215		28,168		
Other expense (income)		292		296		
Net loss	\$	(127,394)	\$	(107,050)		

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

Safi Silver's exploration and evaluation expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

		Three months ended			
	June				
		2025		2024	
Assay and survey	\$	915	\$	15,252	
Field office and support		1,984		24,412	
Consulting and labour		81,924		525,830	
Professional fees		-		6,282	
Travel		309		3,782	
Other		615		48,684	
	\$	85,747	\$	624,242	

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Safi Silver at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 are as follows:

	June 30,	March 31,
As at	2025	 2025
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 11,560	\$ 1,034
Amounts receivable	6,731	5,372
Prepaid expenses	2,820	2,924
Property and equipment	1,257	19,803
Total assets	\$ 22,368	\$ 29,133
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 118,833	\$ 117,852
Acquisition fees payable	1,202,958	1,118,308
Total liabilities	1,321,791	1,236,160

Sale of Kombat Mine

Trigon signed a definitive agreement for the sale of Trigon's interest in the Kombat Mine to Kamino Mineral Ltd., an affiliate of Horizon on May 27, 2025. The transaction was approved on July 4, 2025 by the shareholders at the annual general and special meeting. The Proposed Horizon Transaction is subject to the satisfaction of a number of other closing conditions, including the approval of the Namibian Competition Commission, the consent of Sprott, approval of the TSX Venture Exchange, as well as other customary conditions. There is no guarantee that this transaction will be completed as described, or at all.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

Pre-Closing Reorganization

Prior to closing of the Transaction, Trigon will undertake an internal reorganisation in terms of which:

- Trigon will incorporate a new wholly owned Ontario subsidiary ("Trigon Ontario");
- Trigon will transfer to Trigon Ontario all of Trigon's rights and obligations under Trigon's stream agreement (the "Sprott stream") with Sprott Private Resource Streaming and Royalty (B) Corp. and Sprott Mining Inc. (collectively, "Sprott") including the release of Trigon from all security and guarantees under the Sprott stream;
- Trigon will transfer to Trigon Ontario a portion of the PNT Financeco Corp. ("PNT") Loan such that the net asset value of Trigon Ontario will be \$1;
- PNT will transfer to Trigon, or a subsidiary of Trigon, 100% of its interest in Copperbelt Mineral Exploration (Pty) Ltd.

Purchase Consideration

Kamino will pay to Trigon a total purchase consideration of \$24,000,000 in cash (the "Purchase Consideration") for the Transaction comprising:

- \$1 for the shares in Trigon Ontario; and
- \$23,999,999 for the shares in PNT and the PNT Loan, subject to a purchase price adjustment for outstanding liabilities owing to IXM S.A. and Sprott on closing (the "Purchase Price Adjustment").

The Purchase Consideration will be settled in eight equal instalments, with the first instalment payable on the later of closing of the Transaction, being the deal ratification and competition approvals in Namibia, and the date that is nine months after the date of approval of the Transaction by Trigon's shareholders. The seven remaining instalments will be payable every three months from the date of the first instalment.

In addition, the Purchaser will make an additional cash payment (the "Production Payment") to Trigon thirty days following the first date upon which the underground operations of the Project achieve ore production and processing of a daily minimum of 2,250 tpd on each day for a 90 consecutive day period. The Production Payment ranges between \$3,500,000 and \$13,000,000, dependent on copper price.

As further consideration, Trigon will be granted a royalty on the Project from Trigon Mining (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd, the registered owner of the Project, of 1.0% of copper net smelter returns on a per invoice basis, payable if the invoiced copper price on final invoicing is greater than \$4.00 per pound (the "Royalty") for up to 20 quarters with 8 allowable deferrals. Such royalty is to be paid exclusively from Horizon's equity ownership. Payments under the Royalty will commence once the Project achieves copper metal production of 1,000 tonnes for each of two consecutive calendar months.

Loans from Horizon to Trigon

On February 11, 2025, Trigon announced the revised terms of the loan agreement entered into with Horizon ("Loan Agreement"), in terms of which the loan amount was reduced to \$4,000,000, with structured advances over five tranches ("Horizon Loan"). The Horizon Loan bears interest at 15% per annum, with interest only commencing after a six month grace period ("Grace Period") and is repayable in 18 equal amortised repayments commencing at the end of the Grace Period. The Horizon Loan is secured by a General Security Agreement over all the property, assets and undertakings of Trigon. A portion of the fourth tranche, and the full fifth tranche are still to be advanced by Horizon.

In terms of the Sale Agreement, the Horizon Loan will be classified between Project Loan Amounts (being amounts applied to costs and expenses in Namibia relating to the Project) and Non-Project Loan Amounts. All obligations to repay Project Loan Amounts, including interest thereon will be transferred to PNT prior to closing. An agreed sale of the project would see this portion of the debts of Trigon cleared. Any remaining Non-Project Loan Amounts will continue to bear interest at 15% per annum, remain secured by the General Security Agreement and be repayable by Trigon on the terms set out above. At this time Trigon anticipates the non-project loan amount at handover will be around \$1 million.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

As at June 30, 2025, the initial \$4,000,000 facility has been fully drawn down.

In terms of the Loan Agreement, an additional loan amount of \$2,000,000 (the "Additional Loan") was also made available to Trigon on the same terms as the Horizon Loan to provide flexibility for further financing. In terms of the Sale Agreement, the Additional Loan will now be advanced to Trigon no later than thirty calendar days after the date of approval of the Proposed Horizon Transaction by Trigon shareholders. The Additional Loan will be subject to the terms and conditions of the Horizon Loan, and will be repaid by offsetting the loan amount, including accrued interest, against the eighth instalment payment for the Proposed Horizon Transaction.

Trigon received \$1 million of the Additional Loan on July 31, 2025. The remaining \$1 million of the \$2 million Additional Loan remains outstanding as of the approval date of these financial statements.

On July 16, 2025, a further amendment between Trigon and Horizon was entered into for an additional \$7,200,000 loan. The purpose of the new loan is to fund Namibian carrying costs including capital projects until transaction closing. The \$7,200,000 loan has the same terms as the initial \$4,000,000 loan. Since the amendment, the Company has drawn down an additional \$750,000 from the facility.

Deal Protections

The Sale Agreement provides for customary deal protection provisions, including non-solicitation covenants on the part of Trigon and a right in favour of the Purchaser to match any unsolicited superior proposal. In the event that the Agreement is terminated in certain circumstances, Trigon has agreed to pay the Purchaser a termination fee equal to one times the principal outstanding under the Loan Agreement. In the event that Trigon shareholder approval has not been obtained by the date (the "Right to Match Expiry Date") that is the earlier of (i) the date that is two months from the date of the Meeting, and (ii) the date that is six months from the date of the Sale Agreement, the Purchaser will retain a right to match with respect to any acquisition proposal or superior proposal received by Trigon which shall expire within 30 days from the date the Purchaser receives the written notice from Trigon of such proposal. This right shall terminate on the date that is six (6) months from the Right to Match Expiry Date.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

The results for Kombat Mine operation for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Three months ended								
	June	30,							
	2025	2024							
Revenue	481,348	10,032,231							
Cost of sales	318,658	7,132,575							
Cost of sales - depreciation	345,975	958,419							
Gross income (loss)	(183,285)	1,941,237							
Expenses									
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	461,635	486,361							
Professional fees	60,981	31,465							
Accretion expense	1,090,575	1,594,086							
Loss on asset disposal	13,305	227,397							
Finance charges	228,442	137,484							
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	167,506	259,104							
Other expense	(27,927)	108,121							
Net (loss) income	\$ (2,177,802)	\$ (902,781)							

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

Kombat Mine's exploration and evaluation expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Three mo	Three months ended			
	Jur	June 30,			
	2025		2024		
Field office and support	\$ 228,912	\$	168,453		
Consulting and labour	224,268		296,093		
Licence and permit	3,755		3,251		
Travel	4,700		18,564		
	\$ 461,635	\$	486,361		

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Kombat Mine at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 were as follows:

		March 31,
As at	June 30, 2025	2025
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 221,963	\$ 64,963
Amounts receivable	390,227	720,211
Prepaid expenses	2,000	26,717
Property and equipment	33,215,901	33,702,515
Total assets	\$ 33,830,091	\$ 34,514,406
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,446,800	\$ 3,210,526
Lease liability	124,446	137,189
Equipment financing	7,777,764	7,946,628
Deferred revenue	1,384,430	1,590,967
Environmental rehabilitation obligation	681,941	666,358
Deferred revenue on streaming arrangement	22,516,953	21,544,000
Total liabilities	35,932,334	35,095,668

Sprott Streaming Agreement

On October 24, 2022, the Company entered into a streaming agreement with Sprott Streaming and Sprott Mining (together "Sprott") for a silver and copper stream transaction. Under the terms of this agreement, the Company will sell 100% of its silver and 6.5% of its copper produced from its underground operations to Sprott. Once the Company hits the underground production target of 2,250 tonnes per day mined, the percentage of copper sold to Sprott will be reduced to 1.625%.

Pursuant to this agreement, the Company received advanced consideration of \$37,500,000 from Sprott Streaming and Sprott Mining against future deliveries of copper and silver production from the Company's Kombat mine. The advanced consideration is accounted for as deferred revenue, with revenue recognized when the metals are delivered to the counterparty. The Company estimates the current portion of deferred revenue based on deliveries anticipated over the next twelve months based on the mine plan.

Deferred revenue consists of: 1) initial cash deposit received by the Company for future delivery of payable copper and silver, and 2) a significant financing component of the agreement resulting from the difference in the timing of the upfront consideration received and the promised goods delivered. As such, the Company recognizes interest expense at each reporting period and will accrete the deferred revenue balance to recognize the significant financing element that is part of the agreement. The interest rate of 23.68% is determined based on the rate implicit in the agreement at the date of inception.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

As the Company delivers silver and copper to Sprott, 90% of the sale value will be applied to reduce the advanced consideration outstanding and 10% will be payable in cash, until the entire advanced consideration has been repaid.

The Company has the option to reduce the payable copper and silver by up to 50% by making a single cash payment to Sprott equivalent to 1.5 times the percentage of the advanced consideration to be repurchased. The payment must be made prior to June 27, 2027, after which the buyback option expires. The Company determined that the buyback option constituted a separate financial asset to the Company. The buyback option was recorded at a fair value of \$nil (2024 - \$nil) on the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025. The fair value of the buyback option was estimated using a Geometric Brownian motion model using the following assumptions: expected copper volatility of 8.17% (2024 - 12.44%) based on historical volatility of commodity copper, expected silver volatility of 16.24% (2024 - 16.95%) based on historical volatility of commodity silver, risk-free rate of 2.47% (2024 - 3.91%), copper price of \$9,750 (2024 - \$8,767) per tonne, silver price of \$34.06 (2024 - \$24.54) per ounce, and it was estimated that the step down date would not be met.

On the issuance date, the fair value of the derivative asset of the buyback option had an estimated fair value of \$1,926,653, which was accounted for as a derivative asset at FVPL, with a corresponding increase in a contra derivative asset account. The fair value of the buyback option was estimated using a Geometric Brownian motion model using the following assumptions: expected copper volatility of 11.23% based on historical volatility of commodity copper, expected silver volatility of 17.98% based on historical volatility of commodity silver, risk-free rate of 3.82%, copper price of \$7,689 per tonne, silver price of \$19.22 per ounce, estimated step down date of April 30, 2024.

As the deferred revenue on streaming arrangements is considered variable consideration, an adjustment is made to the transaction price per unit each time there is a change in the underlying production profile of the mine. The change in the transaction price per unit results in a cumulative catch-up adjustment to deferred revenue in the period in which the change is made, reflecting the new production profile expected to be delivered under the streaming arrangement. A corresponding cumulative catch-up adjustment is made to accretion expense, reflecting the impact of the change in the deferred revenue balance. In March 2024, the Company completed its technical report for the Kombat Mine, which resulted in an update in the life of the Kombat Mine and reduction of the silver and copper reserves to be delivered. These changes resulted in a reduction of the stream liability as at March 31, 2024 and a decrease in finance expense (recovery of accretion expense) of \$20,353,417 for the year ended March 31, 2024. Given the extended pause in operations from January 2025 due to flooding and the pending closing of the sale of the Kombat mine, the Company assessed that it will no longer settle the stream liability through delivery of non-financial items but will be done through a sale of the liability. As such, the liability has been re-measured at FVPL. These changes resulted in a reduction of the stream liability and a decrease in finance expense (recovery of accretion expense) of \$8,686,107 for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Deferred revenue on streaming arrangement as at March 31, 2024	\$ 29,415,464
Deferred revenue recognized	(4,671,237)
Accretion	5,467,880
Change in fair value	(8,668,107)
Deferred revenue on streaming arrangement as at March 31, 2025	21,544,000
Deferred revenue recognized	(125,317)
Accretion	1,098,270
Deferred revenue on streaming arrangement as at June 30, 2025	\$ 22,516,953

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had overdue cash amounts owed to Sprott in the amount of approximately \$3.1 million in relation to the Sprott Streaming Agreement. These amounts are included in the accrued liabilities in the financial statements. The Company signed a waiver and consent agreement with Sprott that is effective until November 30, 2025.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment and consist of the following:

											En	vironmental			
	Offic	e furniture,									re	habilitation	Mine development		
		equipment					M	achinery and	ı	Right of use		obligtation	and plant under		
Cost	a	nd software	Vehicles	Buildings		Land		equipment		assets		asset	construction		Total
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$	561,495 \$	435,193	\$ 109,487	\$	134,861	\$	8,263,009	\$	1,824,954	\$	586,870	\$ 24,701,048	\$	36,616,917
Additions		23,586	148,090	17,476		-		2,055,274		-		23,787	4,214,231		6,482,444
Impairment		-	-	-		-		(243,994)		-		-	-		(243,994)
Balance, March 31, 2025	\$	585,081 \$	583,283	\$ 126,963	\$	134,861	\$	10,074,289	\$	1,824,954	\$	610,657	\$ 28,915,279	\$	42,855,367
Additions		26,544	-	-		-		2,013		-		-	-		28,557
Disposals		-	(232,788)	-		-		(28,250)		-		-	-		(261,038)
Balance, June 30, 2025	\$	611,625 \$	350,495	\$ 126,963	\$	134,861	\$	10,048,052	\$	1,824,954	\$	610,657	\$ 28,915,279	\$	42,622,886
Accumulated depreciation, depletion and Balance, March 31, 2024	d impairment \$	(431,223) \$	(137,995)	(10,127)	\$	-	\$	(420,967)	\$	(515,843)	\$	-	\$ (1,258,328)	\$	(2,774,483)
Depreciation for the period	ş	(119,040)	(114,307)	(1,125)	4			(843,782)	φ	(257,812)	φ	(99,247)	(4,970,686)	Ģ	(6,405,999)
Disposals		(110,040)	2,848	(1,120)				24.782		(201,012)		(00,241)	(4,570,000)		27.630
Balance, March 31, 2025	\$	(550,263) \$	(249,454) \$	(11,252)	9	6 -	\$	(1,239,967)	\$	(773,655)	\$	(99,247)	\$ (6,229,014)	\$	(9,152,852)
Depreciation for the period	,	(12,741)	(25,743)	(281)	,			(250,074)	•	(58,066)	•	(33,520)	- (0,==0,000)		(380,425)
Disposals		-	115,610	(== -)				10,682		-		-	-		126,292
Balance, June 30, 2025	\$	(563,004) \$	(159,587)	(11,533)	\$	-	\$	(1,479,359)	\$	(831,721)	\$	(132,767)	\$ (6,229,014)	\$	(9,406,985)
Net book value															
As at March 31, 2025	\$	34,818 \$	333,829	\$ 115,711	\$	134,861	\$	8,834,322	\$	1,051,299	\$	511,410	\$ 22,686,265	\$	33,702,515
As at June 30, 2025	\$	48,621 \$	190,908	\$ 115,430	\$	134,861	\$	8,568,693	\$	993,233	\$	477,890	\$ 22,686,265	\$	33,215,901

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts as at June 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025 are as follows:

June 30, 2025				March 31, 2025								
Accumulated											_	
	Depreciation and				Accumulated							
		Cost		Impairment	Net	ook value		Cost		Depreciation	Ne	et book value
Office furnitures, equipment and software	\$	611,625	\$	563,004	\$	48,621	\$	585,081	\$	550,263	\$	34,818
Vehicles		350,495		159,587		190,908		583,283		249,454		333,829
Buildings		126,963		11,533		115,430		126,963		11,252		115,711
Land		134,861		-		134,861		134,861		-		134,861
Machinery and equipment		10,048,052		1,479,359		8,568,693		10,318,283		1,483,961		8,834,322
Right of use assets		1,824,954		831,721		993,233		1,824,954		773,655		1,051,299
Environmental rehabilitation obligation asset		610,657		132,767		477,890		610,657		99,247		511,410
Assets under construction		28,915,279		6,229,014		22,686,265		28,915,279		6,229,014		22,686,265
	\$	42,622,886	\$	9,406,985	\$	33,215,901	\$	43,099,361	\$	9,396,846	\$	33,702,515

Right of use assets consist of a land lease and leased machinery and equipment.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 (Expressed in US dollars)

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

Epiroc Equipment Finance

On August 21, 2023, the Company announced that it agreed to purchase underground mining equipment from Epiroc South Africa (Pty) Ltd for \$8,933,261. The purchase was completed pursuant to an equipment finance facility (the "Facility") for 85% of the purchase consideration (\$7,593,272), with a 15% down payment (\$1,339,989) paid upfront by Trigon. The Facility is secured solely by the equipment (the "Security") and an unsecured corporate guarantee. The Facility had a 0.75% arrangement fee, bears interest at a rate of 10.95% per annum and has a term of 60 months from the shipment date of each piece of equipment. Repayments are being made in 55 monthly installments, commencing 6 months after the delivery of each item. The amounts owed to Epiroc relating to this financing are recorded as an equipment financing liability. As at June 30, 2025, \$8,933,261 of the equipment has been delivered under this financing agreement.

Equipment Financing

In November 2023, the Company entered into a finance agreement for various pieces of equipment which have been included in the lease liability. The first leases commenced in November 2023 with lease terms of 120 months. The Company used a discount rate of 10.68% in determining the present value of the leases.

Equipment financing as at March 31, 2024	\$ 4,987,981
Additions	3,461,809
Interest expense	45,834
Principal payments	(548,996)
Equipment financing as at March 31, 2025	\$ 7,946,628
Interest expense	11,459
Principal payments	(141,762)
Equipment financing as at June 30, 2025	\$ 7,816,325

Future undiscounted minimum lease payments for the lease agreements are as follows:

	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
Within one year	\$ 3,306,910	\$ 849,426
After one year but not more than five years	5,441,866	4,138,555
More than five years	-	-
	\$ 8,748,776	\$ 4,987,981

IXM Advance

Effective July 1, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement with IXM whereby IXM advanced \$2.5 million in two tranches of \$1.25 million with tranche one immediately drawn down and the second tranche being drawn down in August 2024. The advance is being repaid in principal installments of \$208,334 per month commencing in October 2024 through September 2025 repayable in copper concentrate. Interest is being charged at the 30-day secured overnight financing rate average plus 2.5% and paid in cash.